

Quality Control Processes for Business Valuation Professionals

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Introductions





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DISCLAIMER:

The views expressed in this presentation are our own, and they do not form the official position of the CBV Institute or of Davis Martindale. We caution that the examples used are illustrative in nature and not intended to reflect a specific situation. The examples herein are intended for educational and discussion purposes only.

Quality Control Processes for Business Valuation Professionals



Goals of this session

- 1. What exactly do we mean by a "quality control" process?
- 2. Valuation standards
- 3. Practice inspection
- 4. What is happening out there?
- 5. What does a robust QC process include?



Introduction

Why are we here?

- Practice Inspection findings support need for a QC process
- Valuation standards generally require or encourage a QC process, in the public interest
- Growing stakeholder expectations



What does a QC process mean to you?



ChatGPT



QUALITY CONTROL PROCESS

FOR A BUSINESS VALUER

STEP 1: PLANNING (A.K.A. PROCRASTINATING WITH STRUCTURE)

Define the scope, (Hint: "Figure out what this business is worth" is not detailed enough)



STEP 4: INTERNAL REVIEW (A.K.A. PEER JUDGMENT HOUR) Let a colleague find your typos and logic gaps, Hope they don't find that spreadsheet tab named "LOL..REDO...THIS"



STEP 7: CLIENT DELIVERY Email the report and pray they don't ask, "What does EBITDA mean again?"

ke wild assumptions, then ify them with graphs



STEP 6: THE SENIOR VALUER REVIEW (A.K.A. QUALITY CONTROL BOSS BATTLE)

Senior valuer reads everything ond sighs a lot They fix what you "totally meant to double-check later."

File everything like vull never need it—Until someone asks 3 years later





STEP 2: THE "SHOULD WE EVEN BE DOING THIS?

Check for conflicts of interest, Ask yourself: Do I actually know how to value this, or am I just really confident with Excel?

TEST" TET

STEP 3: DATA DIVING

Collect financials, market into, and possibly the client's soul. Make wild assumptions, then justify them with graphs

What does QC mean to you?

Practitioner responses



"Making sure our work product clearly communicates a well supported and reasonable conclusion"

"A process to provide the firm with reasonable assurance that its personnel comply with applicable professional standards and the firm's standards of quality."

"An opportunity to catch obvious gaps and outlier elements of my work-product. As a 1-person firm, I have paid a well known outside CBV an hourly rate to review my draft prior to issuing my formal report."

"1) Detail model and formula check (2) Model consistency and logic check (3) Report ticking (4) Overall concurring and industry review"



What is the profession saying?

QC is the top concern of BV firms

Top Five Most Critical Issues for Business Valuation Firms Over the Next Three Years

	Critical	Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not Important
Quality control for BV reports	31%	38%	20%	8%	3%
Finding and keeping good professional staff	38%	27%	13%	5%	16%
Keeping up with business valuation standards	27%	36%	26%	9%	2%
Training existing staff	21%	38%	16%	9%	16%
Firm/practice differentiation (tied for fifth place)	17%	37%	24%	11%	12%
BV process systemization/automation (tied for fifth place)	17%	37%	27%	13%	7%

Business Valuation Resources (BVR) survey results (2024)

Valuation Standards and QC



International Valuation Standards (IVS 100):

- There <u>must</u> be valuation process quality controls
- The controls help ensure that valuations are performed objectively, transparently, without bias and in compliance with IVS.
- The extent of the controls should be determined having regard to the intended use, intended user, the asset and/or liability being valued and the complexity of the valuation.
- The controls should assess the judgements made during the valuation including their reasonableness and freedom from bias in determining the value.
- The controls should be documented.

CBV Institute – Draft new Valuation Practice Standards

 A quality review process must be applied to ensure that the valuation has been performed in accordance with the Practice Standards and the Code of Ethics (PS 120).

Practice Inspection and QC



Many findings show that practitioners could benefit from an internal quality assurance process to catch some deficiencies/issues in business valuation reports:

- **Example 1:** No documented conflict check process
- Example 2: An Estimate Valuation Report had in fact been done as a Calculation Valuation Report (pursuant to a revised engagement letter), yet the report issued to the client was labelled as an Estimate Valuation Report
- Example 3: An Estimate Valuation Report was "light" on the analysis and relied heavily on management inputs and representations.

Practice Inspection and QC



To warrant reliance as part of a CBV Institute Practice Inspection, the firm's internal compliance review process must be:

- documented;
- have been operational throughout the Inspection Period;
- cover all of the required (bolded) elements of the Practice Standards as well as the Code of Ethics; and
- completed by a CBV not involved with the engagement.



Polling Question #1: Do you/your firm have a QC process in place for your valuation work?

A. Yes B. No



Polling Question #2: If you answered "Yes" – is your QC process documented ?

A. Yes B. No



Polling Question #3: At what stage of the valuation is the QC performed?

- A. Before beginning work on the report
- B. Before the draft report is issued externally
- C. Before the final report is issued externally
- D. All of the above

Results of CBV Institute survey on Quality Control practices

We asked members "What does their QC process include?"

Reasonability of overall conclusion	96%
Appropriateness of approaches & methodologies selected	96%
Proofreading of the report	93%
Review of key assumptions (for reasonability, etc)	93%
Appropriateness of the scope of work	91%

Conflict check	78%
Sufficiency of underlying financial data	76%
Draft report disclaimers	69%
Signed representation letter	64%



Insights from CBV Institute survey on Quality Control practices

42% Percent of practitioners <u>did not have</u> "sign off" by the QC reviewer

portion of respondents who did not have their QC process documented

The majority of respondents indicated that their QC process applies to "all" engagements (a few said "risk" and "purpose" determine)

580 Percent of respondents said the QC reviewer is <u>not</u> part of the engagement team

Percent of respondents who were sole practitioners



Elements of a robust QC process

BEFORE:

- **1. Engagement Acceptance and Continuance**
- 2. Planning and Scoping (EL)

DURING:

3. Sufficient evidence

- A. Methodology Selection and Execution
- B. Support for key inputs and assumptions (forecasts, discount rate & specific items knowledge of the business)
- C. Key judgments
- D. Reasonability of conclusion range



Elements of a robust QC process

DURING

Sufficient evidence (con't)

E. Step-back assessment – sanity check (last round of financing, industry outlook, comps, reasonability of implied goodwill/intangible value, other value indicators, company-specific factors)

- F. Calculations math & logic check
- G. Report disclosure, draft disclaimers, file documentation

AFTER

4. Rep letters

See also: Guidance in the 2023 Pl Annual Report

Some hallmarks of a robust QC process



- Detailed QC policy
- Conflict check process in place
- A planning and risk memorandum on all engagements
- Engagement review process independent partner(s)
- QC sign-off

(Sample) Checklist items from a larger firm:

- Criteria for guideline companies selection, documented
- Basis for exclusion of guideline companies documented
- Basis for valuation multiples
- Terminal year assumptions supported and documented
- Discount rate researched and documented
- Discounts or premiums considered and documented

Special considerations for sole practitioners

- the process can be tailored to your practice (type of files, file size, # of CBVs)
- no rules/guidance
- a checklist could be used
- a form of self-review
- focus on the most significant areas of the conclusion (key inputs/assumptions)
- Practice Inspection checklists available on CBV Institute website



Thank you

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